

 <b>Cambridge Assessment International Education</b>		
GRADE:6	SUBJECT:GEOGRAPHY	DATE: 30 <sup>th</sup> March,2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER:1	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Maps and Diagrams	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY):		

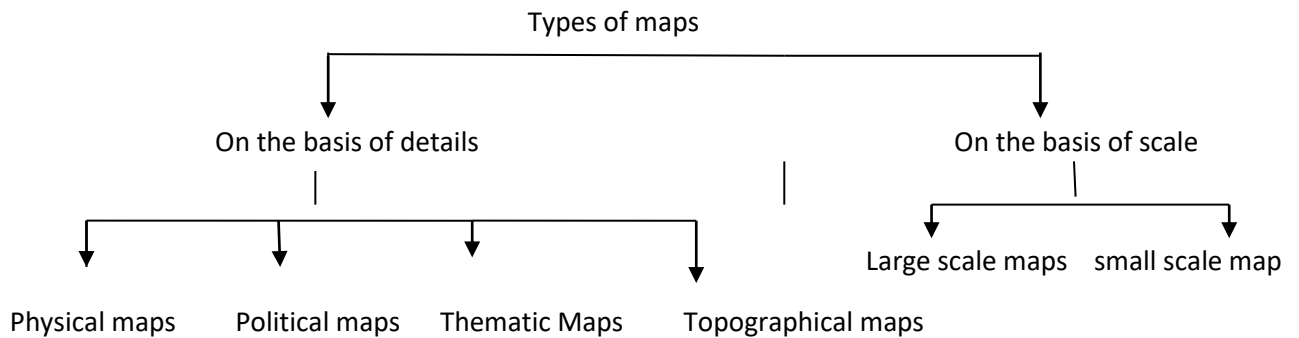
We can represent earth in various ways like maps, globes, sketches, plans and diagrams.

A map is a drawing of the whole earth or a part of it on a flat surface. It is usually a symbolic representation drawn on paper that provides information about the earth’s surface in simple and graphic manner.

A collection of different types of maps is called atlas.

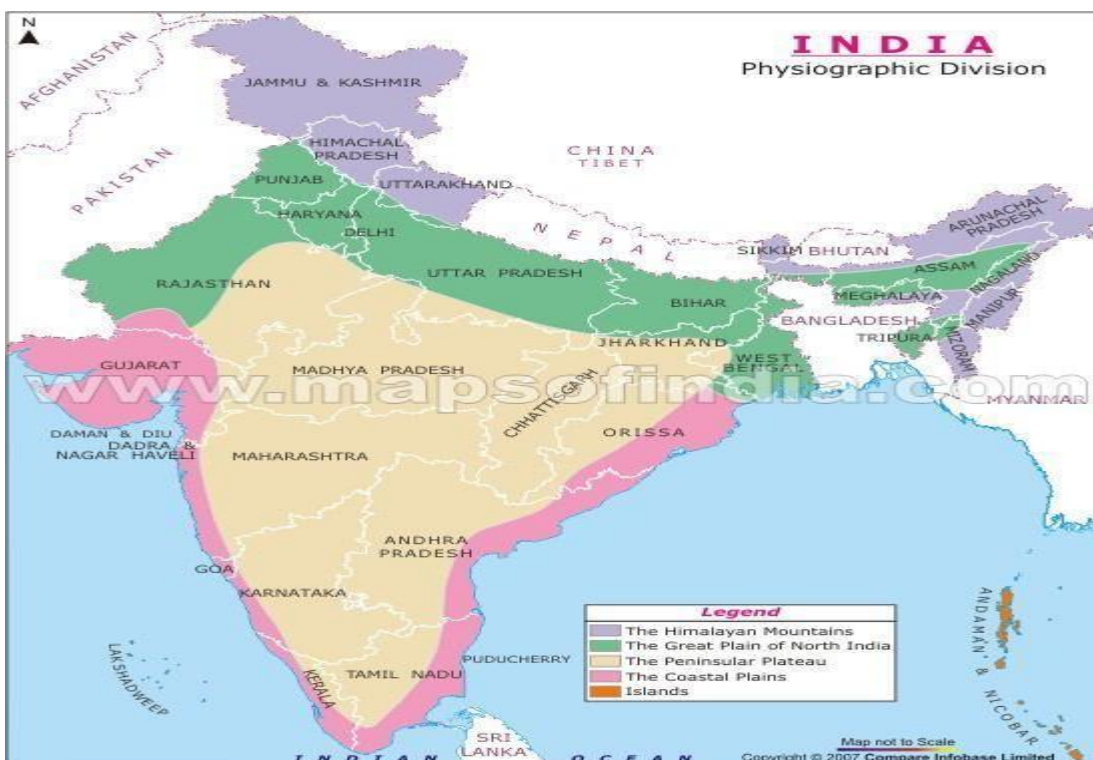
**Types of maps**

We have different types of maps on the basis of details shown, scale.



**Maps on the basis of details shown**

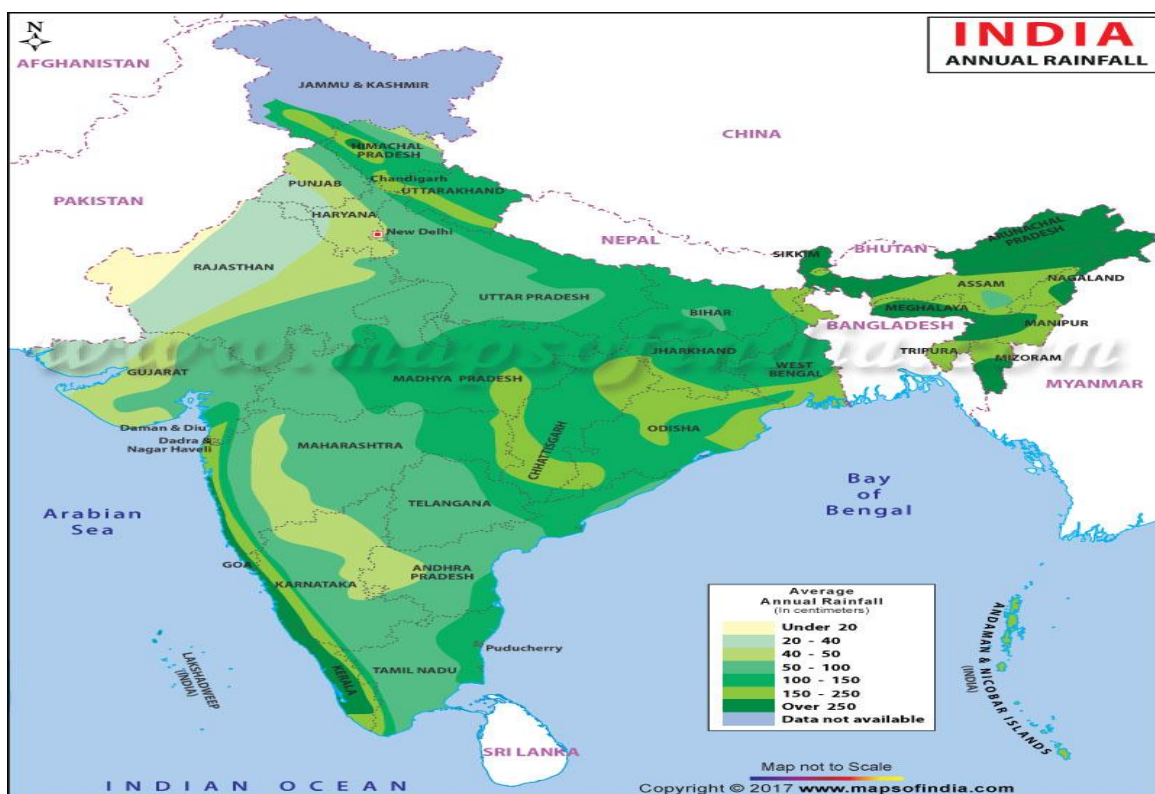
**1. Physical map:** Physical map show mountains, valleys, plains and other surface features. In these types of maps generally different colours are used to represent land of different heights.



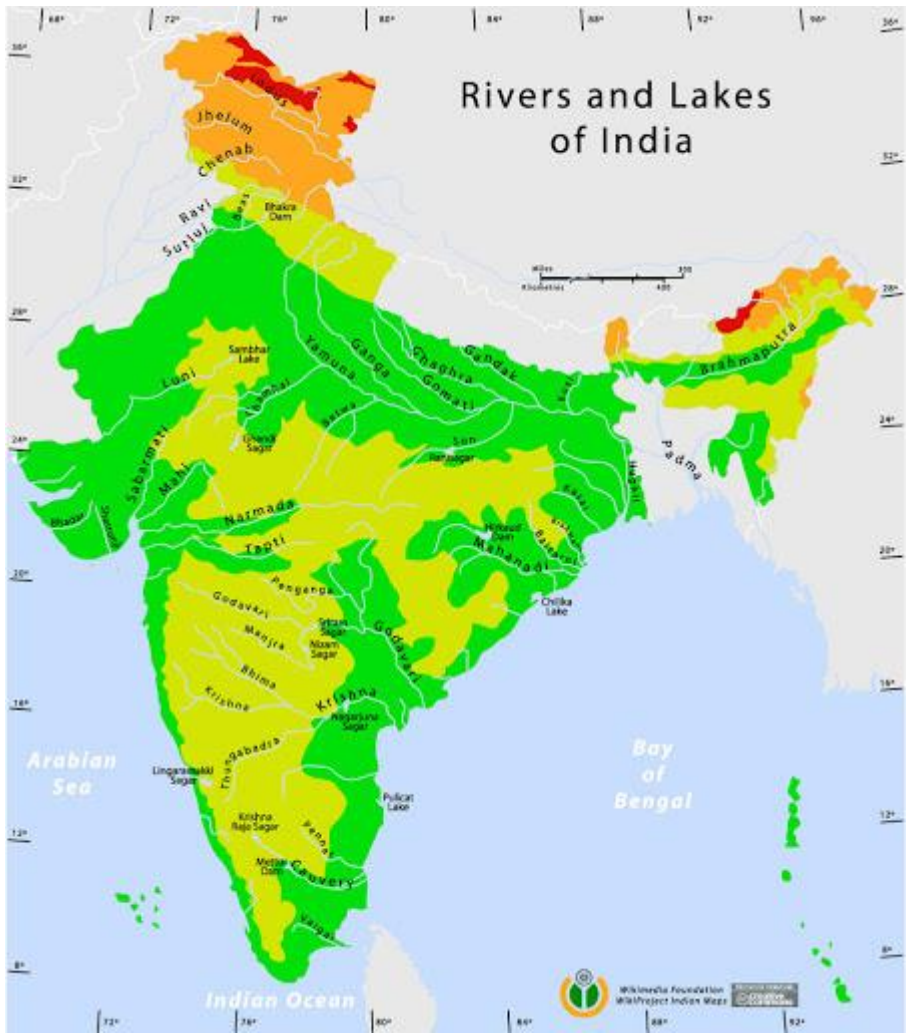
**2. Political maps:** These maps show the boundaries of countries, states etc. In these maps location of capital cities and important towns are also shown.



**3. Thematic maps:** Such maps show features such as climate, agriculture, minerals etc.



**4. Topographical maps:** These maps give detailed information about local landforms, streams, rivers, canals, roads, buildings, structures, railway tracks and other features of small areas. These maps are based on actual surveys of land. Such maps are useful to surveyors, civil engineers etc. They are also useful for military purposes.



## Maps on the basis of scale

**1. Large scale map:** A **large scale map** is one that shows more detail, but usually over a smaller area. A specific feature, like a building or town, will appear **larger** on a **large scale map** compared to a **small scale map**.

**2. Small Scale maps:** **Small scale** refers to world maps or maps of **large** regions such as continents or **large** nations. In other words, they show **large** areas of land on a **small** space. They are called **small scale** because the representative fraction is relatively **small**. ... **Small scale maps** are those with scales **smaller** than 1:250,000.

## Large Scale vs. Small Scale

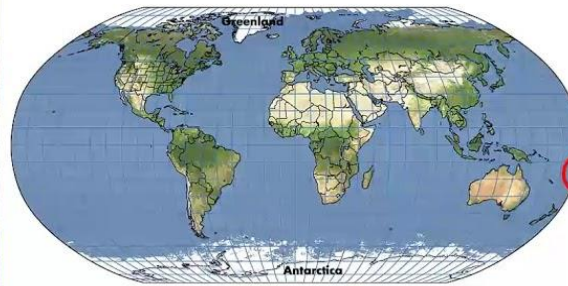
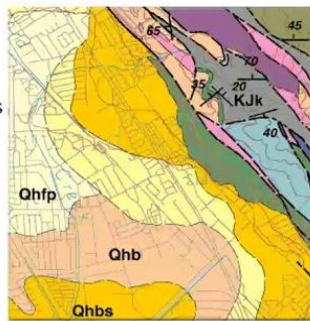
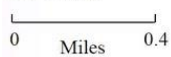
- Large scale – large amount of detail; can only show small area
- Small scale – small amount of detail; can show a large area

### Large Scale

Verbal Scale  
1 inch = 0.25 miles

Fractional Scale  
1:16,000

Bar Scale



### Small Scale

Verbal Scale  
1 inch = 3000 mile

Fractional Scale  
1:190,000,000

Bar Scale



**Answer the following questions.**

1. Which of these is shown by a thematic map?

- (a) Mountains    (b) rivers    (c) climate

2. These maps are useful to surveyors and civil engineers.

- (a) Physical    (b) topographical    (c) Physical

3. Define: (a) map

.....

(b) Atlas

.....

.....

4. Describe a political and physical map.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....




5. Differentiate between large scale and small scale map.

.....

.....

.....

.....

 <b>Cambridge Assessment International Education</b>		
GRADE:6	SUBJECT:GEOGRAPHY	DATE: 6 <sup>th</sup> April, 2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER:2	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Maps and Diagrams	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY):		

### **Points to Remember**

1. Map is a drawing of the whole earth or a part of it on flat surface.
2. A globe is the most accurate 3 dimensional spherical representation of the earth. However, not many details of the earth can be shown on a globe.
3. A sketch is a rough drawing showing the relative locations of a few chosen features in an area. They are not drawn to scale.
4. Plans are drawn to scale and are very similar to maps.
5. While a map shows a large area, a plan is normally drawn for a small area or a building.
6. Maps and sketches are great tools. They help us to navigate our way to our destination.
7. Collection of different types of maps in a form of book is called Atlas.

Q.1 Fill in the blanks.

(i) ..... is a true model of the earth.

(ii) ..... is a rough drawing showing the relative locations of a few features of a area.

(iii) Plan is a drawing that shows the horizontal section of a small area drawn to .....

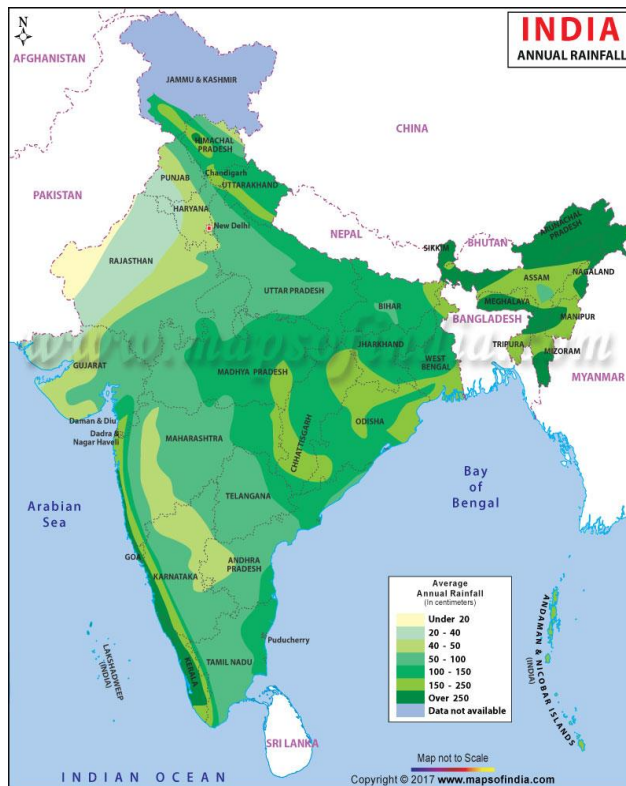
(iv) A collection of different types of maps is called .....




2. How will you show the location of your house to a friend who is visiting your house first time?

3. Differentiate between a plan and a sketch.

4. What are the advantages and disadvantages of using a globe?

5. What type of map is shown in the picture?



 <b>Cambridge Assessment</b> International Education		
GRADE:6	SUBJECT:GEOGRAPHY	DATE: 13 <sup>th</sup> April, 2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER:3	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Maps and Diagrams	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):	<a href="https://youtu.be/7nWSD9Yz-Tw">https://youtu.be/7nWSD9Yz-Tw</a>	

Q.1 What are the ways to represent geographical features?

Q.2 Name the three courses of a river.




Q.3 What are 'anticlines' and 'synclines'?

Q.4 How can we represent block mountains with the help of a diagram? Draw the diagram.

Q.5 Define Delta.

Q.6 Differentiate between Tributaries and distributaries?



 <b>Cambridge Assessment</b> International Education		
GRADE:6	SUBJECT:GEOGRAPHY	DATE: 20 <sup>th</sup> April, 2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER: 4	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Basic Elements of Map	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):	<a href="https://youtu.be/HWuhl6E0W4c">https://youtu.be/HWuhl6E0W4c</a>	

1. Answer the following questions.

(i) What are the cardinal directions?

(ii) What is meant by a scale of a map?

(iii) Which three ways are used to represent the scale of a map? Explain any two ways of representing a map scale.

(iv) Convert 1 cm= 100 cm into an R.F. scale.

(v) What method would you use to measure the length of a river?




(vi) What are conventional symbols? Explain.

(vii) Name the features shown in blue, green and yellow colours.

(viii) What are five different elements of a map? Name them.

(ix) Explain the functions of the north line and a legend on a map.

(x) What is the difference between cardinal directions and intermediate directions? Draw a diagram to show these directions.

 <b>Cambridge Assessment</b> International Education		
GRADE:6	SUBJECT:GEOGRAPHY	DATE: 27 <sup>th</sup> April, 2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER: 5	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Basic Elements of Map	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):	<a href="https://youtu.be/0vT6x7nLrEk">https://youtu.be/0vT6x7nLrEk</a>	




Q.1 Name the line of latitude that divides the earth into two equal halves.

Q.2 What are the lines of latitude? Give examples.

Q.3 What is grid system? Why is it important?

Q.4 List the three heat zones of the earth with the help of diagram.

Q.5 Differentiate between Torrid zone and Frigid zone.

 <b>Cambridge Assessment</b> International Education		
GRADE:6	SUBJECT:GEOGRAPHY	DATE:29 <sup>th</sup> June, 2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER:10	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Major Landforms of the Earth	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):		

**Answer the following questions.**




Q.1 What is a peninsula? With the help of atlas, name four major peninsula of the world.

Q.2 Which two land masses does the isthmus of Panama connect?




Q.3 Briefly explain (i) isthmus (ii) island

Q.4 Which continent is known as ‘peninsula of peninsulas’?




Q.5 Name two island groups of India.

 <b>Cambridge Assessment International Education</b>		
GRADE:6	SUBJECT:GEOGRAPHY	DATE: 18 <sup>th</sup> May,2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER:7	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Major Landforms of the Earth	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):	<a href="https://youtu.be/bSUPJCFaF1M">https://youtu.be/bSUPJCFaF1M</a>	

1. What are fold mountains?
2. State two main differences between young and old fold mountains.
3. Briefly describe the importance of mountains.
4. How is volcanic mountain formed?
5. Draw neat, labelled, coloured sketches of block mountain and volcanic mountain to show the characteristics of each of them.

 <b>Cambridge Assessment</b> International Education		
GRADE:6	SUBJECT:GEOGRAPHY	DATE: 25th May, 2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER:8	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Major Landforms of the Earth	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):	<a href="https://youtu.be/Dz79XAFra-4">https://youtu.be/Dz79XAFra-4</a>	

1. What is a plateau?
2. Why are they of great economic importance?
3. Mention the different types of plateau.
4. Define canyon.
5. Draw a picture of volcanic plateau.

 Cambridge Assessment International Education		
GRADE:6	SUBJECT:GEOGRAPHY	DATE: 22 <sup>nd</sup> June,2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER:9	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Major Landforms of the Earth	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):	<a href="https://youtu.be/a4Nnqr7y2FA">https://youtu.be/a4Nnqr7y2FA</a>	

**(I) Match the columns.**

**A**

**1. the Appalachians**

**2. vent**

**3. faulting**

**B**

**(i) low-lying lands between hills or mountains**

**(ii) old fold mountains in North America**

**(iii) the opening through which lava comes to the surface**

**(II) What is a basin? Give an example.**

**(III) Mention the different types of plains.**

**(IV) What is the importance of plains?**

**(V) Define: (a) Gorge**

**(b) Erosion**

 <b>Cambridge Assessment</b> International Education		
GRADE:6	SUBJECT:GEOGRAPHY	DATE:29 <sup>th</sup> June, 2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER:10	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Major Landforms of the Earth	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):	<a href="https://youtu.be/bbmgbYdbjS4">https://youtu.be/bbmgbYdbjS4</a>	

**Answer the following questions.**




Q.1 What is a peninsula? With the help of atlas, name four major peninsula of the world.

Q.2 Which two land masses does the isthmus of Panama connect?

Q.3 Briefly explain (i) isthmus (ii) island

Q.4 Which continent is known as ‘peninsula of peninsulas’?

Q.5 Name two island groups of India.

 <b>Cambridge Assessment International Education</b>		
GRADE: 6	SUBJECT: Global Perspectives	DATE: 24th June, 2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER: 11	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Transportation	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):	Post the work on google classroom	

1. Define:

(a) Landform

(b) Continent

**Answer the following questions.**

Q.1 Describe the two largest continents in detail.




Q.2 Name the continent shaped like an inverted triangle.

Q.3 Which continent is also called 'Land Down Under'?




Q.4 Name the continent which is the most bleak and barren part of the world.

Q.5 Write a note on the continent of Asia.



 <b>Cambridge Assessment</b> International Education		
GRADE: 6	SUBJECT: Global Perspectives	DATE: 26th June, 2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER: 12	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Transportation	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):	Post the work on google classroom	

1. Name the three types of mountains.
2. Write a note on formation of mountains.
3. Write a note o volcanic mountains.
4. How are block mountains formed?

 <b>Cambridge Assessment International Education</b>		
<b>GRADE: 6</b>	<b>SUBJECT: Global Perspectives</b>	<b>DATE: 3rd July, 2020</b>
<b>WORKSHEET NUMBER: 13</b>	<b>WORKSHEET TOPIC: Major Landforms</b>	
<b>INSTRUCTION (IF ANY):</b>	<b>Post the work on google classroom</b>	

**1. Define Plateaux.**

**2. What are the types of plateaus? Name them.**

**3. Define Basins.**

**4. What are valleys?**

**5. Write the importance of plains.**

**6. Briefly explain (i) Peninsula (ii) Islands (iii) Isthmus**

**7. Which two land masses does the Isthmus of Panama connect?**

**8. Match the followings.**

**A**

**1. the Appalachians**

**2. vent**




**3. faulting**

**B**

**(i) low-lying lands between hills or mountains**

**(ii) old fold mountains in North America**

**(iii) the opening through which lava comes to the surface**

 <b>Cambridge Assessment</b> International Education		
GRADE: 6	SUBJECT: Global Perspectives	DATE: 8 <sup>th</sup> July, 2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER:14	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Major Landforms	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):	Post the work on google classroom	

**C.1. State two chief differences between old and young fold mountains. Give examples.**

**C.3 What are plateaux? Why are they of great economic value?**

**C.4 Mention the different types of plateau.**

**C.5 What is a basin? Give an example.**

**C. 6 Mention the different types of plains.**

**C.7 What is the importance of plains?**

**C.8 What is a peninsula? Take the help of your atlas and name four major peninsulas of the world.**

**C.9 Which two land masses does the Isthmus of Panama connect?**

**D.1 Name the major landforms on Earth.**

**D.2 List the continents according to size. Describe the two largest continents in detail.**

**D.3 Write short notes on**




- Europe
- Australia

**D.5 Briefly describe the importance of mountains.**

**D.6 How is volcanic mountain formed?**

**D.7 What is a V- shaped valley?**

**D.8 Briefly explain Peninsula, Isthmus, Island.**

 <b>Cambridge Assessment International Education</b>		
<b>GRADE: 6</b>	<b>SUBJECT: Global Perspectives</b>	<b>DATE: 10<sup>th</sup> July, 2020</b>
<b>WORKSHEET NUMBER:15</b>	<b>WORKSHEET TOPIC: Major Waterbodies</b>	
<b>INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):</b>	<b>Post the work on google classroom</b>	

**1.Match the following.**

**A**

- 1. the Ring of Fire**
- 2. the Atlantic Ocean**
- 3. the Caspian Sea**
- 4. oil spill**

**B**

- (i) water pollution**
- (ii) inland sea**
- (iii) mountain ranges around the Pacific Ocean**
- (iv) an S-shaped ocean**

**2. Name the largest ocean of the world.**




**3. Which ocean is the northernmost?**

**4. What is the Ring of Fire?**

**5. What is the difference between a gulf and a bay?**




**6. What do you understand by strait? Give an example.**

**7. Why are oceans important?**

 <b>Cambridge Assessment</b> International Education		
GRADE: 6	SUBJECT: Geography	DATE: 17 <sup>th</sup> July, 2020
WORKSHEET NUMBER: 15	WORKSHEET TOPIC: Class test Ch. 2 and 3	
INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):	Write all the answers in your note book and post on the google classroom	

### Revision

1. What are cardinal directions?
2. What are the three ways to represent scale of map? Explain any one of these.
3. Convert the statement 1 cm= 100km into RF scale.
4. Which features are shown with blue, brown, white and green colours on the map?
5. What are the latitudinal and longitudinal extents of India?
6. What are five different elements of a map?
7. Why are colours used on a map?
8. What is the grid system?
9. Name the major landforms o the earth.
10. Write a short note on Europe.

 <b>Cambridge Assessment International Education</b>		
<b>GRADE: 6</b>	<b>SUBJECT: Global Perspectives</b>	<b>DATE: 7<sup>th</sup> August, 2020</b>
<b>WORKSHEET NUMBER:16</b>	<b>WORKSHEET TOPIC: Types of Crops</b>	
<b>INSTRUCTION (IF ANY):</b>	<b>Post the work on google classroom</b>	

**A. Match the columns.**

**A**

- 1. subsistence farming**
- 2. intensive farming**
- 3. extensive farming**
- 4. shifting cultivation**
- 5. plantation farming**

**B**

- (i) aims at high yield.**
- (ii) is a primitive practice.**
- (iii) is done with cash crops.**
- (iv) is practised by farmers who own small pieces of land.**
- (v) uses heavy machinery.**

**B. What do you understand by agriculture?**

**C. Name any three types of agriculture practiced around the world.**

**D. Define subsistence agriculture.**




**E. Why is intensive farming expensive?**

**F. Name the crops grown by extensive farming.**

**G. Why is shifting cultivation not productive in the long run?**

**H. In which part of India is shifting cultivation practiced?**

**I. Mention any two features of commercial farming.**

 <b>Cambridge Assessment International Education</b>		
<b>GRADE: 6</b>	<b>SUBJECT: Geography</b>	<b>DATE: 14<sup>th</sup> August, 2020</b>
<b>WORKSHEET NUMBER:17</b>	<b>WORKSHEET TOPIC: Types of Crops</b>	
<b>INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):</b>	<b>Post the work on google classroom</b>	

### 1. Match the columns.

- | A             | B   |
|---------------|---|
| 1. cereals    | (i) are cash crops.                                 |
| 2. zaid crops | (ii) is the oldest fibre known to mankind.          |
| 3. oilseeds   | (iii) is the largest producer of jute in the world. |
| 4. cotton     | (iv) are food crops.                                |
| 5. India      | (v) are grown between March and June                |

2. What are Kharif crops? Write examples.

3. Name the major rice producing regions of India.




4. What are cash crops? Write examples.

5. Draw a table to write the climatic conditions required for the cultivation of cotton, wheat, rice, tea and coffee.

Which are the major regions producing cotton, wheat, rice, tea and coffee in India?

6. What are the crop- growing seasons in India? Name the different types of crops grown in each season.




7. What is sugarcane? What are the different products made from sugarcane?

 <b>Cambridge Assessment International Education</b>		
<b>GRADE: 6</b>	<b>SUBJECT: Geography</b>	<b>DATE: 19<sup>th</sup> August, 2020</b>
<b>WORKSHEET NUMBER:18</b>	<b>WORKSHEET TOPIC: Major Crops</b>	
<b>INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):</b>	<b>Post the work on google classroom</b>	

Answer the following questions in brief.

- (i) Name the three main crop growing seasons in India.
- (ii) What is the purpose of growing cash crops?
- (iii) What is bagasse?
- (iv) Name the types of seeds which led to a spectacular increase in the crop production in India in 1960.
- (v) Name the revolution which led to farmers taking loans and incurring large debts.



 <b>Cambridge Assessment International Education</b>		
<b>GRADE: 6</b>	<b>SUBJECT: Geography</b>	<b>DATE: 21<sup>st</sup> August, 2020</b>
<b>WORKSHEET NUMBER:19</b>	<b>WORKSHEET TOPIC: Major Crops</b>	
<b>INSTRUCTION (IF ANY ):</b>	<b>Post the work on google classroom</b>	

1. Answer the following questions.

- (i) What are High Yielding Variety seeds?
- (ii) What is sugarcane? Name the products made from sugarcane.
- (iii) Give any three climatic conditions most suitable for growing rubber.
- (iv) What was green revolution? List its main features.
- (v) Why was the green revolution not beneficial for farmers?